## extensor ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ CONSTRUCTION KIT

## Instructions

## Welcome to extensors

An extensor is an extending and retracting beam based on a scissor-like mechanism. Extensors can be connected together at nodes to build larger expanding structures and networks. Adding springs to extensors makes self-activated mechanisms!

This set contains:
$12 \times \mathrm{A}$ $12 \times B$ $4 \times X$ $8 \times Y$ $4 \times Z$ $2 \times$ Spring


In this booklet the parts are colored according to their type; your set comes with a variety of colors for each part.

Check out MathMechs.com for video instructions.


Connect parts as shown in steps (1) and (2) to make a lengthtwo $\boldsymbol{Y}$-extensor. Repeat step (2) to make longer extensors. Replace the $\mathbf{Y}$ parts with $\mathbf{X}$ parts to make an $\boldsymbol{X}$-extensor.

Extensor Slinger $4 \times \mathrm{A}$
$4 \times$ B
$2 \times X$

## $1 \times$ Spring

Add a spring to an extensor where two A and/or B parts connect.


Hold the
extensor slinger closed with the thumb and middle finger of one hand.
Release your grip to make it jump out of your palm!

Warning - do not point at eyes or face.


## Elbow $8 \times$ A $8 \times$ B $4 \times X$ <br> $2 \times Z$



Connect two length-two X-extensors together with two $\mathbf{Z}$ parts.



With more parts you can build bigger structures. Further examples are shown on the following pages.

## Cube $48 \times \mathrm{A}$ $48 \times$ B $24 \times$ X $32 \times Z$




## Diamond $120 \times$ A <br> $84 \times$ B $68 \times Y$ $40 \times Z$

Formed from ten Caltrop nodes, this is a chunk of the crystal structure of diamond.



Patent pending
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